



Reverse Cycle Vs Split System: What is the Right Choice?

Reverse Cycle Vs Split System: What is the Right Choice?

With the advent of technology, various types of air conditioners are available in the market. From window ACs to split to cassette, the kinds and types can easily cloud your judgment. Today, we will discuss Reverse Cycle vs Split System to help you make an informed decision.

So, get ready to say goodbye to the hot days of summer with [Ace Aircon Supplies](#) in Melbourne. Here, you will explore which system is ideal to choose, whether a reverse or a split system. Let's dive in!

Call us to get a free quote!

Reverse Cycle Air Conditioner

This is a two-in-one combination. Reverse-cycle air conditioners can cool your space during summer and heat it in winter. Instead of installing two separate air conditioning systems, this unit does both jobs in one.

How it works:

A reverse cycle air conditioning system works by using a heat pump technology. In cooling mode, it removes hot air from inside your home and releases it outside. This process is reversed for winters when heating mode is required. It takes heat from outside air (even in cold conditions) and brings it indoors. This is the reason it is called "reverse cycle".

Benefits of Reverse Cycle Air Conditioning

Reverse-cycle air conditioners come with the following advantages:

- All-in-One Solution: When you install ducted reverse cycle air conditioning, no need to install separate heating & cooling appliances.
- Energy Savings: As compared to electric or gas heaters, they provide efficient heating for your space.
- Consistent Comfort: It keeps your space cosy in winter & cool in summer, so you enjoy year-round comfort.
- Zoned Heating & Cooling: The zoning feature can target specific rooms if you install multiple units.
- Eco-friendly: They use less energy, which reduces your carbon footprint and saves you money.

Split System Air Conditioner

Many people think all **split systems** have reverse technology, which is not true. Not all split systems have reverse technology; some only come with the cooling mode. In Clyde, split system air conditioning solutions have become a basic necessity of every home. They are mainly used for cooling individual rooms or spaces. A split AC has two units.

- Indoor unit: This one you see on the walls of a room.
- Outdoor unit: It is installed outside your home (rooftop or an exterior wall).

How it works:

A split system has a circulating refrigerant to remove heat from your room. During the cooling process, an evaporator coil in the indoor unit absorbs heat and a quiet fan blows cool air into the room. Now, you enjoy cool air.

Advantages of Split System Air Conditioning

Look at the top advantages of the split systems:

- **Quiet Operation:** Many models operate quietly indoors, perfect for bedrooms, living spaces, etc.
- **Reasonable & Energy Efficient:** They come with inverter technology, which permits efficient use of energy, and saves you big on electricity bills.
- **Cool & Purifies the Air:** Split system air conditioning not only cools your space but also cleans the indoor air quality to make you feel refreshed.
- **Low Maintenance Requirements:** Regular cleaning of filters is enough to maintain these systems for a long run.
- **Flexible Installation:** From wall-mounted units to floor or ceiling configurations, they are less invasive & easier to install than ducted systems.



What is the Difference between the Reverse Cycle & Split System Air Conditioners?

Both systems are well-known for their unique features in Australia. The choice between reverse cycle vs split system depends on your needs. The following is a simple comparison to help you decide which is the right choice for your home:

Features	Reverse Cycle Systems	Split Systems
Functionality	They come with both heating & cooling in a single unit.	Initially, they are used for cooling only. But some modern split system air conditioning models can also provide a heating option.
Energy Efficiency	It adjusts to both summer as well as winter needs. As a result, more efficient than other systems.	They are efficient for cooling small to medium spaces.
Comfort Levels	They work well in all seasons and keep the indoor temperature stable.	They are Ideal for cooling in hot months, but may not be enough in cold weather, especially if your space is wide.
Lifespan	Reverse cycle air conditioning systems are durable and reliable with proper maintenance, and often last longer.	They have a good lifespan, but usage is limited to cooling.
Cost	Initial cost is high, but cost-effective in the long run. Savings achieved by replacing separate heating & cooling units.	Affordable to buy, but they may need extra heating solutions in winter if you don't choose a Hot'n'Cold split AC.
Best Choice For	Families or homeowners who want an all-in-one solution for every season.	Perfect for single room coolings & people who lives in warmer regions (mainly need cooling)

What is the Right Choice?

If you live in a place with both hot summers as well as cold winters, a reverse cycle air conditioner is an ideal investment. It not only decreases the need for multiple appliances but also saves energy and gives year-round comfort.

However, if you are living in a mostly hot climate & only need cooling, choose the best split system air conditioner. They are a cost-effective & practical choice. Now, the choice is yours. Go with the one that suits you the best.

The Bottom Line

Both Mitsubishi air conditioners are excellent options for homes in Australia. The best choice depends on your climate, lifestyle, as well as budget. So, whether you go for a reverse cycle or split system, you can rest assured that both will keep you cool during scorching summers and warm during the winter months.

Hope the above-provided information will help you choose between Reverse Cycle vs Split System. If you still have any questions in mind, feel free to ask our experts at Ace Aircon Supplies, the best air conditioner supplier in South-Eastern Melbourne.



Ace Aircon Supplies

Call us to get a free quote!